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June 26, 1998

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Ms. Magalie Roman Salas Secretary Federal Communications Commission 1919 M Street, NW Washington, DC 20554

JUN 26 1998

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Re: In the Matter of Application by SBC Communications Inc., Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, and Southwestern Bell Communications Services, Inc. d/b/a Southwestern Bell Long Distance for Provision of In-Region, InterLATA Services in Oklahoma. CC Docket No. 97-121

Dear Ms. Salas:

Enclosed is SBC Communications' June 1998 report regarding its success in opening its local markets. SBC provides this report on a monthly basis to Commission staff in an effort to keep it informed about the market opening activities of SBC's telephone operating companies. The report demonstrates that SBC's operating companies have made available products, services, and systems required by Section 251 and the competitive checklist of the 1996 Act and, furthermore, that competitive local exchange carriers (CLECs) have ordered and are actually using each of the 14 checklist services and products to provide local service in all of SBC's seven states. For example, SBC has lost over one million lines to CLECs in its region. SBC is the first incumbent local exchange carrier in the Nation to lose over one million lines to competitors.

Should you have any questions concerning the report, do not hesitate to contact me. In accordance with the Commission's rules, an original and two copies are submitted herewith.

Very truly yours,

Enclosure

cc: Mr. T. Power

Mr. J. Casserly Mr. P. Gallant

Tool 7. Sigue

Ms. A. Wright

Mr. K. Dixon

Mr. K. Martin Ms. K. Brown Mr. R. Welch Ms. C. Mattey

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No. of Copies rec'd_ List A B C D E

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SBC'S SUCCESS IN OPENING ITS LOCAL MARKETS AND COMPLYING WITH THE 1996 TELECOMMUNICATIONS ACT

June 1998 Report

SBC has dedicated significant resources and investment to open its markets to local competition and to comply with all requirements contained in the 1996 Telecommunications Act. As described in detail below and demonstrated in the attached checklist provisioning status report, SBC's local exchange companies (Southwestern Bell Telephone, Pacific Bell and Nevada Bell) have made available products, services and systems required by Section 251 and the competitive checklist of the 1996 Act, and competitive local exchange carriers ("CLECs") have ordered and are actually using each of the 14 competitive checklist services and products to provide local service in all seven SBC states.

There is irrefutable evidence that new entrants are obtaining the network elements that they need from SBC to provide local service, that they are providing such exchange services to end users and that their ability to enter the market is unambiguous. Taken together, these data demonstrate that barriers to entry into the local market in SBC's states have been eliminated, that competitive entry is occurring, that all 14 checklist items are legally and practically available to CLECs that want them and that SBC has lost more than one million lines to CLECs in SBC's states. Of these 1,072,600 lines lost, approximately 631,000 were resale lines and 441,000 lines were captured by facilities-based carriers. In May, 1998, SBC became the first RBOC or LEC in the country to lose more than one million access lines to CLECs. These lost lines, moreover, represent a disproportionate revenue loss since the major long distance carriers and CLECs have publicly acknowledged that they have targeted the more profitable "high value" heavy users. As a result of SBC's compliance efforts, CLECs now have everything they need to compete against SBC and can use resale, interconnection or unbundled network elements to compete for and take SBC customers.

In the face of undeniable market facts, it is no longer plausible for competitors and regulators to continue to deny that SBC has opened its markets to local competition and made available each of the statutorily required 14 point checklist items. The numbers are clear and irrefutable. For example in the past 2 years, not only has SBC lost approximately one million lines to CLECs, but:

- SBC has also signed 366 interconnection agreements with competitors and 260 of these agreements have been approved by state PUCs
- 218 CLECs are operational and have passed local orders to SBC
- More than 110 CLECs are using SBC's Directory Assistance and Call Completion Services
- More than 2 million CLEC service orders have been processed without a backlog
- 450,000 CLEC customers are listed in SBC's White Pages
- More than 310,000 trunks have been provisioned to CLECs
- 75,000 lines have been converted to CLECs via interim number portability
- 54,000 unbundled loops have been provisioned
- 412 operational physical collocation cages have been provided to CLECs
- 21 million telephone numbers have been provided to CLECs for facilities-based use
- More than 12 billion minutes of local and Internet traffic have been exchanged between SBC and CLEC networks

Moreover, SBC has developed and implemented more than 65 performance measurements in each of its seven states covering all aspects of its relationships with CLECs. These measurements mirror precisely the model performance measurements advocated by the U.S.

Department of Justice. The results generated from these measurements clearly demonstrate that SBC is providing CLECs with checklist items in substantially the same time and manner that it providing such services to itself. Thus, the IXCs' and CLECs' argument that SBC has not sufficiently opened its markets to competition and lost the required number of local customers is an intentional mischaracterization of the Act, as conceded by the DOJ and the FCC. Both of these agencies acknowldege that there is no market share loss or metric test required by the Act. The only statutorily required test is embodied in the competitive checklist with which SBC has fully complied.

In light of these market facts, it is becoming obvious that the isolated, anecdotal, outdated and unrepresentative complaints raised by the major long distance carriers are disingenuous and have less to do with whether SBC has actually made available specific checklist items in an appropriate manner and more to do with protecting their long distance market shares and profits from the increased competition that would result from SBC entering that market. Moreover, isolated and anecdotal complaints raised by other CLECs must also be put in context since it is in their self-interest to delay SBC's entry into the long distance market for as long as possible so that they can continue to use the 271 process as leverage to obtain additional advantages from regulators and to target and offer one-stop shopping to high profit business customers while SBC is denied the ability to offer comparable full-service bundles of services to business and residential customers. SBC is not perfect and it is continuing to make improvements in its procedures and systems, but the Congress, the DOJ and FCC have made it clear that perfection is not required to meet the competitive checklist test.

SBC's Capital and Expense Investments To Open Its Markets

• Since the passage of the 1996 Act on February 6, 1996, SBC has devoted significant financial, technical and personnel resources to implement the market- and network-opening requirements of Sections 251 and 252 of the Act. SBC management and employees have made extraordinary efforts to open SBC's networks to competitors. SBC has incurred more than \$1 billion in expense and capital expenditures and devoted more than 3,300 employees to implement the Act and open its local markets to competition – including but not limited to operational support systems, number portability, trunking, local service centers, equipment, computer hardware, software and manpower. Of these expenditures, Pacific Bell and Nevada Bell have spent more than \$620 million and SWBT has expended more than \$400 million. By the end of 1998, SBC estimates that it will have spent a total of \$1.5 billion making certain it meets the requirements of the Act.

Interconnection Agreements

- <u>Signed Agreements</u>: SBC and CLECs have signed 366 interconnection and resale agreements within SBC's seven-state service area. In addition, 492 CLECs have received PUC approved certificates to provide local service in SBC states. The good faith associated with SBC's negotiation of interconnection agreements with CLECs is illustrated by the fact that the parties voluntarily consummated 366 agreements and only 26 arbitrations were required.
- PUC Approved Agreements: The various state commissions have approved 260 SBC-CLEC interconnection and resale agreements. These approved agreements give the CLECs everything they say they need to provide local services and compete against SBC. There are a large number of PUC approved agreements in each of SBC's states: Texas: 118; California: 28; Kansas: 27; Arkansas: 29; Oklahoma: 18; Missouri: 28 and Nevada: 12 approved agreements.

• <u>Current Negotiations</u>: SBC currently is in the process of negotiating more than 500 additional interconnection, resale and combination interconnection agreements.

CLECs Competing Against SBC

 As of the end of May 1998, more than 218 CLECs were operational in SBC's territory and passing resale, interconnection or UNE orders to SBC. 101 CLECs were passing orders in Texas alone.

SBC Access Lines Lost to CLECs

• Through the end of May 1998, more than **one million** access lines have been lost to CLECs through resale or through the establishment of new facilities-based service by CLECs in SBC's seven-state service area. Approximately 631,500 SBC lines have been resold by CLECs and approximately 441,000 additional customers are being served on a facilities-basis (as indicated by CLEC E-911 listings) by CLECs in SBC's territory.

The approximate number of lines lost to CLECs in SBC's 7 states on a resale and facilities-basis is:

		Resale	Resale	Resale	Resale	Facilities	Total
a)	California:	$\frac{\text{Total}}{254,000}$	Residential 133,300	<u>Business</u> 112,000	Priv. Coin 8,600	Based Lines 381,500	Lines Lost 635,000
b)	Texas:	275,000	195,000	6 8, 800	11,000	30,500	305,000
c)	Kansas:	46,700	22,000	24,800	0	1,400	48,100
d)	Oklahoma:	19,500	15,600	3,900	25	14,200	33,700
e)	Arkansas:	14,200	12,900	1,300	0	10,300	24,500
f)	Missouri:	20,300	12,300	7,900	50	3,000	23,300
g)	Nevada:	1,800	344	1,400	0	N/A	1,800
RES	OLD LINES:	631,500	391,500	220,000	19,800		
c) H d) (e) H f) H g) H RESO FACIL	CILBASED IES LOST:					441,000	
SBC	TOTAL						1,072,600

SBC has made Resale available

LINES LOST:

• Given that CLECs now resell more than 631,000 lines in SBC's territory, there can be no dispute that resale of local service is available and significant in SBC's territory. SBC has demonstrated that it has made resale available and that its OSS can process CLEC resale orders in an accurate and timely manner without any backlogs. For example, in the last four months of 1997 (before AT&T and MCI unilaterally decided to abandon residential resale competition), SBC processed an average of 60,000 resale orders in each of these four months without a backlog. These numbers confirm that SBC has developed state-of-the art operational OSS that can handle large volumes of CLEC resale orders in an accurate, timely and non-discriminatory manner.

Resale activity slowed from March through May, 1998 as AT&T and MCI continued their efforts to redline the resale and residential markets in California and Texas. In fact, residential resale lines in California actually declined for those three months primarily as a result of publicly acknowledged decisions by AT&T and MCI to stop signing up new residential resale customers in California and apparently encouraging existing resale customers to switch to other carriers. For example, in May, resold lines in California declined by more than 3,300 lines compared to a gain of more than 20,000 resold lines in December 1997 and resold lines in Southwestern Bell's states increased by only 12,500 resold lines in May compared to a gain of approximately 40,000 lines in October 1997. Nevertheless, even if the major IXCs chose for their own strategic, internal business and regulatory reasons not to take advantage of the resale option made available to them by SBC because they do not like the resale pricing discounts required by the 1996 Act and approved by the PUCs, there can be no dispute that SBC has met its obligations under the Act to make resale available to competitors. The figures listed above demonstrate that SBC has made available to CLECs all the systems and services they need to compete on a resale basis in each of SBC's states.

FACILITIES-BASED COMPETITION STATUS:

Facilities-based competition in SBC's states is substantial and has increased dramatically in recent months. CLECs are serving more than 440,000 lines on a facilities-basis in SBC's territory. The following market facts demonstrate that SBC has opened its local markets to competition and that in addition to making resale available to competitors, SBC is also providing CLECs with the facilities and network elements they need from SBC in order to compete on a facilities-basis in the local exchange market. Information is not available to SBC to identify with precision the full extent of facilities-based competition in each of its states. Available indicators underestimate the extent of facilities-based competition and are imperfect measures of competitive entry because each captures only that part of entry that requires action by SBC and does not capture the extent of facilities-based self-supply being undertaken by CLECs. Nevertheless, a review of available indicators (e.g. CLEC E-911 listings and numbers ported) demonstrate that there is significant and growing facilities-based competition in SBC's states and that approximately 441,100 lines are being served on a facilities-basis by CLECs in SBC's states.

 SBC is making available to CLECs through 260 PUC-approved interconnection agreements and its new and modified systems and networks, all products, services and systems that CLECs need to provide facilities-based or UNE-based local service to residential and business customers.

CLEC E-911 Numbers—Best Indicator of Facilities-Based Competition

- CLEC listings in the E-911 database is the best available indicator of access lines being served on a facilities basis by facilities-based carriers. These listings show that CLECs serve approximately 441,100 lines in SBC's 7 states on a facilities-basis. Specifically, CLECs have requested E-911 service for 441,100 lines from their own NXX Codes that were assigned to them to provide facilities-based service.
- In California alone, 14 facilities-based carriers serve approximately 381,000 lines on a facilities basis (based on E-911 listings). CLEC E-911 listings indicate that there is at least the following number of lines being served on a facilities-basis in the other SBC states: Texas: 30,500; Oklahoma: 14,200; Arkansas: 10,300; Missouri: 2,950; and Kansas: 1,470 facilities-based lines.

Numbers Ported—Second Indicator of Facilities-Based Competition

More than 75,400 existing SBC lines have been ported via interim number portability to facilities-based competitors in each of SBC's seven states. CLECs have chosen to port mostly business lines, but the same basic processes and procedures can be used to port residential lines. This is one indicator of facilities-based competition that has occurred in SBC's seven states, but it underestimates the actual amount of facilities-based competition that has occurred. Each of the numbers ported represents conversion of an existing line from SBC to a facilities-based CLEC provider. It should be noted, however, that lines do not have to be ported when CLECs serve new lines/customers on a facilities-basis.

Minutes Exchanged - Another Indicator That SBC's Networks Are Open

- between SBC and CLEC networks is compelling evidence that SBC has opened its networks and has met the competitive checklist. Reciprocal compensation minutes of use is an indicator that demonstrates that actual local traffic is being exchanged between CLECs and SBC. A substantial amount of local traffic has been exchanged between SBC and CLECs, with most of that traffic (and the corresponding reciprocal compensation) going from SBC to the CLECs. For example, approximately 4.1 billion minutes of local traffic (excluding Internet traffic) has been exchanged between SWBT/Pacific Bell/Nevada Bell and CLECs over interconnection trunks. More than 80% of this local traffic has been exchanged from SBC to CLEC networks. It should be noted, that these minutes do not capture all local minutes being generated by CLECs because they do not include CLEC-to-CLEC traffic or on-net (i.e., intra-CLEC) traffic.
- In addition, the fact that an additional 8.3 billion minutes of Internet traffic has been exchanged between SBC and CLEC networks also demonstrates that SBC's networks have been opened to competition. The 12 billion minutes of local and Internet minutes-of-use exchanged between SBC and CLEC Networks confirm that SBC's networks are open to and connect with CLEC networks.

UNEs, Interconnection and Other Facilities-Based Products Provided By SBC to CLECs

- Interconnection Trunks: SBC's provisioning of local interconnection trunks is an indicator that the interconnection checklist requirement has been met and that actual local exchange traffic is being exchanged between CLECs and SBC. SBC has provisioned approximately 313,000 one-and two-way interconnection trunks to CLECs in SBC's seven-state service area. These trunks allow CLECs to connect their networks and customers to SBC's network. The following number of trunks were provided by SBC to CLECs: California: 196,000 trunks; Texas: 86,000; Oklahoma: 9,700; Missouri: 10,700; Arkansas: 5,400; Kansas: 3,000; and Nevada: 2,000 trunks.
- Unbundled Loops: Unbundled loops are the direct connection between the local network and customer's premises. CLECs can provision loops themselves, or they can lease unbundled loops from SBC or other suppliers. Because CLECs can self-provision loops, the number of unbundled loops provided by SBC understates the extent of existing facilities-based competition. Nevertheless, approximately 54,000 unbundled loops have been provisioned by SBC to CLECs in SBC's seven states. In addition, more than 390 unbundled switch ports have been requested by and provided to CLECs by SBC.

- CLEC Collocation Arrangements: Collocation is an important measure of competitive facilities-based presence because once a competitor is collocated in an SBC central office it has access to every loop connected to that central office. 412 physical collocation arrangements are operational in SBC's seven-state service area -- 90 of these are in SWBT's region, with 319 in California.
- 436 physical collocation arrangements (161 in SWBT and 275 in California/Nevada) are currently being worked on and pending completion.
- More than 55 virtual collocation arrangements are operational in SWBT's five-state territory.
- E-911 Trunks: CLECs have requested and SBC has provisioned 697 operational E-911 trunks to facilities-based CLECs in SBC's seven-state service area. Of this number, 460 are located in California and 231 are in SWBT states.
- DA/OS Trunks: More than 880 Directory/Operator Assistance trunks have been provisioned by SWBT to CLECs in the five SWBT states. More than 110 CLECs are using SWBT's Directory Assistance and "O" Call Completion services.

Telephone Numbers Requested By and Assigned to CLECs

More than 2,169 NXX codes (each code representing 10,000 numbers) have been assigned to
facilities-based CLECs in SBC's seven-state service area, with an additional 284 assignments
pending. In other words, CLECs have requested and SBC has assigned 21.6 million
telephone numbers to CLECs in its seven states; more than 12.6 million numbers have been
requested by CLECs in California and an additional 8.9 million numbers have been requested
in SWBT's five states.

Access to SBC White Page Directories

• CLEC information can be included in all SBC White Page directories in SBC's seven state service areas. SBC has provided more than 450,000 white page listings for CLEC customers. Of these listings, 260,000 have been in SWBT states and 189,000 in California.

Access to SBC Poles and Conduits

 SBC has provided competitors with access to more than 373,000 of its poles and approximately 8.2 million feet of conduit space for their use to compete against SBC in its seven states.

CLEC Orders Handled by SBC's OSS and Local Service Centers

• Since the 1996 Act passed, SBC's OSS and Local Service Center personnel have handled more than 2 million service orders from CLECs to order facilities, network elements and resold or second lines for their customers, change or add vertical services etc. More than 1.3 million orders from CLECs have been processed in the SWBT five-state region and more than 733,000 orders have been processed in California/Nevada. The fact that SWBT processed more than 730,000 orders in 1997, and an additional 573,000 orders in the first five months of 1998, without a backlog, is strong evidence that SBC has developed state-of-the-art OSS and that these systems are being used by CLECs to compete in the local market against SWBT. Orders are also being processed in California in a similar timely and accurate manner without any backlogs.

 SBC also demonstrated in Texas that its OSS (which is the same system used in all five SWBT states) could handle large increases in volumes from CLECs. Over one million CLEC service orders in Texas have been processed, with over 414,000 orders processed in January through May of 1998. SBC's OSS and Local Service Centers have handled the increased volume of service orders without experiencing a backlog.

Performance Measurements

- SBC has also developed and implemented more than 65 performance measurements that
 cover all aspects of its relationships with CLECs in all seven SBC states. These
 measurements mirror and fully comply with the model set of measurements advocated by the
 U.S. Department of Justice. SBC's performance measurements cover each of the five
 recognized OSS functions (i.e., preordering, ordering, provisioning, maintenance and repair,
 and billing).
- The results generated by these performance measurements compare SBC and CLEC performance for each of the measurements and these results confirm that SBC is providing each of the 14 competitive checklist items in substantially the same time and manner that is it providing such services to itself. The results from these valid and statistically significant measurements also demonstrate that many of the complaints being raised by the IXCs and CLECs are isolated, anecdotal, outdated and unrepresentative.

Conclusion

- The resale, interconnection, facilities-based and OSS-related numbers listed above, provide compelling evidence that SBC has opened each of its seven states to resale, facilities-based and UNE competition and that SBC provides CLECs with all the systems and services they need to capture SBC's local customers.
- A neutral examination of the record unequivocally confirms that SBC has lost more than one
 million lines to CLECs, it has complied with the 1996 Act, it has provided CLECs with
 access to all 14 competitive checklist items and it has opened its local markets to
 competition.
- IXCs and CLECs who have chosen to redline the local residential market and who have made a strategic decision not to invest or compete in SBC's local markets are doing so for their own economic, regulatory and public relations reasons, not because they are unable to obtain competitive checklist products and services from SBC. Blame for their targeting of more profitable customers and their unwillingness to compete in the less profitable residential local market on a resale or facilities-basis cannot be laid at the feet of SBC. CLECs who do want to compete on either a resale or facilities-basis in SBC's territory for business or residential customers can provide and are, in fact, already providing such local services in direct competition with SBC.

SBC's Section 251 / Checklist Provisioning Status

Data through: 5/98 (unless otherwise noted)

Shaded data through 4/98 (unless otherwise noted)

Green, italicized, bolded data is corrected from previous edition.

Date Produced: 6/20/98

Shaded data through 4/98 (unless otherwise note	30)	079011, 10011	-1200, 00/000	Calla 13 COTT	cted nom pr	evious edition.	SWBT's				
# CHECKLIST DESCRIPTION	PRODUCTS PROVIDED	AR	KS	MO	ОК	TX	5 States	CA	NV	SBC TOTAL	
										[
1 Interconnection for the transmission	Total Trunks Trunks Provided to CLECs	5,440		1					2,160	•	
and routing of telephone exchange	· One Way Trunks (SBC to CLEC)	4,010	1 .		1	1		,	0	80,82	
service and exchange access at any	One Way Trunks (CLEC to SBC)	57:							1	25,01	
technically feasible point within the	Two Way Trunks	850	1,188	3,735	840	17,802	24,42	181,025	2,160	207,60	
carrier's network.	Physical Collocation *		1	l	Í	1	i i	ĺ	[
ł - 	Operational Cages	[6	5 4	9	15	5 56	90	319	3	412	
	· Pending Cages		5 6	30) 7	7 113	16 ⁻	1 274	1	436	
	Virtual Collocation *	1	1	i	1			1			
Ì	· Operational Arrangements	1 :	2 6	{ 8	il s	35	56	6 0	0	56	
	Pending Arrangements	0	ol o	0	d c	o ∤ 5	! !	5 1	0		
	Number of Collocated Wire Centers		5	9	13	39	69	111	3	183	
2 Nondiscriminatory access to network	Number of CLECs passing orders in 1998	15	16	21	15	101	16	8 46	4	21	
elements.	Total orders processed (2/6/96 - 5/98) **	55,933	88,267	37,446	67,354	1,097,155	1,346,155	733,494	5,569	2,085,210	
(In addition, See Items 3-6 below)	Manual	53,627	58,008	23,961	61,832	848,722	1,046,150	100% in 1996	5,569		
	· Electronic	2,306	30,259	13,485	5,522	248,433	300,005	0% in 1996	} o		
]	Total orders processed in 1997 **	19,035		6,396	22,83	641.098	730,83	491 327	3,511	1,225,679	
	· Manual	19,035	1	6,309	20,408		569,80			.,	
	· Electronic	1	12,504	87			161,036				
	Total orders processed in 1998 **	36,898		31,046			573,700			748,734	
	· Manual	34,592	•	17,648	.,		434,737				
	Electronic	2.306		13.398			138.969				
]	Total orders processed in May 1998 **	6,414	10,449	8,562	8,663		114,754			155,201	
	· Manual	5,658		4,010			86,771			,	
İ	· Electronic	756		4,552	557	17,979	27,983	23,975	0		
3 Nondiscriminatory access to poles,	Total Number of Poles Attached (Note 1)	166	56	415	186		3,182		508	373,750	
ducts, conduits and rights of way.	Total Feet of Duct Occupied (Note 1)	188,922	13,214	67.092	87,621	621,579	978,428		16,225	8,231,303	
4 Local loop transmission from the central	Unbundled Loops	845	342	1.319	1,197	376	4.079		3,280	54,670	
office to the customer's premises, unbundled from	1	1			,		••				
local switching or other services.	1	l	i i								
5 Local transport from the trunk side of a	Unbundled Transport										
wiretine local exchange carrier switch	· Dedicated Transport Available?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
unbundled from switching or other services.	Shared Transport Available?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
6 Local switching unbundled from transport,	Unbundled Switch Ports	0	0	0	0	235	235	161	0	396	
local loop transmission or other services.						1		1			
7 Nondiscriminatory access to 911 and	· E911 Trunks (not included in Item 1 Total)	18	24	16	20	153	231	460	6	697	
E911, directory assistance, and operator	· DA/OA Trunks (not included in Item 1 Total) ***	64	ol	84	85	632	865		18	883	
call completion services.	CLECs using Directory Assistance Service	9	12	16	10	101	117	Data Not	Data Not	5.7	
	(Note 2)	1	}					Available	Available		
	CLECs using "0" Call Completion Service	9	12	16	10	97	113	Data Not	Data Not		
	(Note 2)					- 1		Available	Available		
į	Are CLECs offered E-911 service directly to		,								
1	government bodies or interconnecting with	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
	SBC's existing service arrangements?		, , , ,							,	
	Number of Facilities Based CLEC End	[· [· ·	1			ĺ	ſ		
	User E-911 Listings (MOKA a/o 6/10/98)		ł	ì	ł	ł			ľ		
1	· Residence	592	اه	12	188	3,498	4,294	Res/Bus Split	Data Not	4,294	
	Business	9,770	1,467	2,947	14,090	27,000	55,274	Not Available	Available	55,274	
	· Total	10,362	1,471	2,959	14,278	30,498	59,568	381,564	٥	441,132	
8 White pages directory listing for customers of	Number of CLEC End User White Pages Listings	.5,502	:-: 		. 1,270		35,500	55.,551		,.02	
other carrier's telephone exchange service.	· Resaie	12,761	30,314	14,430	16,354	180,853	254,712	175,324	600	430,636	
The section of the se	· Facilites Based	444	185	616	856	3,001	5,102	13,650	888	19,640	
1	· Total	13,205	30,499	15,046	17,210	183,854	259,814	188.974	1,488	450,276	
	i Ordai	13,205	30,788	13,040	17,210	103,034	435,019	100,874]	.,700]	730,276	

SBC's Section 251 / Checklist Provisioning Status

Data through: 5/98 (unless otherwise noted)

Shaded data through 4/98 (unless otherwise noted)

Green, italicized, bolded data is corrected from previous edition.

Date Produced: 6/20/98

	Shaded data through 4/96 (unless otherwise noted	/	Green, Italic	200, 200				SWBT's			
#	CHECKLIST DESCRIPTION	PRODUCTS PROVIDED	AR	KS	MO	ок	TX	5 States	CA	NV	SBC TOTAL
9	Nondiscriminatory access to telephone	Telephone Numbers Provided to CLECs (Note 3)									
	numbers for assignment to the other carrier's	· Numbers Assigned	140,000	80,000	960,000	330,000	7,460,000	8,970,000		30,000	21,690,00
	telephone exchange service customers.	· Numbers Pending Assignment	0	0	0	0	190,000	190,000	94,000	0	284,00
10	Nondiscriminatory access to databases and	Access to 800, Line Information Database (LIDB),	1								
	associated signaling necessary for call routing and		}			}]		
	completion.	Signaling Network Available?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
11	Interim number portability through	Numbers Ported to CLECs via INP				1					
	RCF or DID trunks. Each line ported	· Residential Lines	5	0	0	이	50	55	_	0	5
	represents conversion of an existing line from	· Business Lines ****	2,035	821	1,581	10,419	22,705	37,561	31,786	6,006	
	SBC to a facilities-based provider.	· Total	2,040	821	1,581	10,419	22,755	37,616	31,786	6,006	75,40
12	Nondiscriminatory access to services	· Are additional access codes or digits needed to	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
	and information required to allow	complete local calls to or from CLEC customers?	"	 ~	140	"	,~~ }	140	, ,,,	140	140
	implementation of dialing parity.	IntraLATA toli dialing parity available concurrent	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
		with SBC's provision of interexchange service?	163	163	169	163	165	163	165	103	103
	Reciprocal compensation arrangements.	Local and EAS Minutes of Use Exchanged Over					1				
	(Note 4) *****	Interconnection Trunks Since 1/1/97 (in Millions)	1 1	ł		1	1		ł		
1		· From SBC to CLEC	26.8	0.4	33.6	133.9	242.9	437.6	2,901.7	22.1	3,361.
1	1	From CLEC to SBC	6.7	0.0	0.3	12.4	241.2	260.6	518.5	0.0	779.
ı		(CA - does not incl. Jan-98)		i	ĺ	·	i		1		
1		Total	33.5	0.4	33.9	146.3	484.1	698.2	3.420.2	22.1	4,140.
١)	Local and EAS Minutes of Use Exchanged Over									
ļ		Interconnection Trunks in April 1998 (in Millions)	. 1	1	1	1]	3	
-1		From SBC to CLEC	1.9	0.3	2.8	9.2	16.2	30.4	3.8	5.4	39.
1		From CLEC to SBC	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	69.3	69.3	67.1	0.0	136.
1		· Total	1.9	0.3	2.8	9.2	85.5	99.7	70.9	5.4	176.
-	i i	Local and EAS Minutes of Use Exchanged Over									
-1	 	Interconnection Trunks in May 1998 (in Millions)	ĺ	1	1	1			ĺ	1	
1	·	From SBC to CLEC	2.4	0.1	1.1	10.6	14.0	28.2	Not Available	3.3	31.5
1	j	From CLEC to SBC	0.0	0.0	0.3	1.6	38.0	39.9	50.3	0.0	90.:
- [)	Total	2.4	0.1	1.4	12.2	52.0	68.1	50.3	3.3	121.7
4	Offering for resale at wholesale prices	Resold Access Lines			<u>-</u>	 					
- 1	any telecommunications services	· Business Lines (Simple and Complex)	1,300	24,800	7,960	3,890	68,861	106,811	111,914	1,447	220,17
- 1	offered at retail to subscribers who	Private Coin Lines	o	ol	50	25	11,080	11,155	8,686	o	19,841
- [are not themselves carriers.	· Residential Lines	12,910	21,953	12,377	15,647	194,989	257,876	133,347	344	391,567
ľ		· Total	14,210	46,753	20,387	19,562	274,930	375,842	253,947	1,791	631,580
4	Note to CA and ABY date in Late 4 are add at CA Table	Feet of Duct Occupied reflects both IXC and CLEC facility							y SWRT method		

Note 1: CA and NV data updated quarterly. CA Total Feet of Duct Occupied reflects both IXC and CLEC facilities.

Note 2: SWBT total counts each CLEC once, although it may appear in multiple states and as both a facilities based and resale provider.

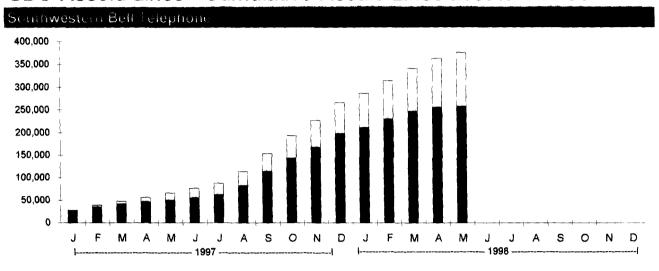
Note 3: Each NXX Code equals 10,000 telephone numbers.

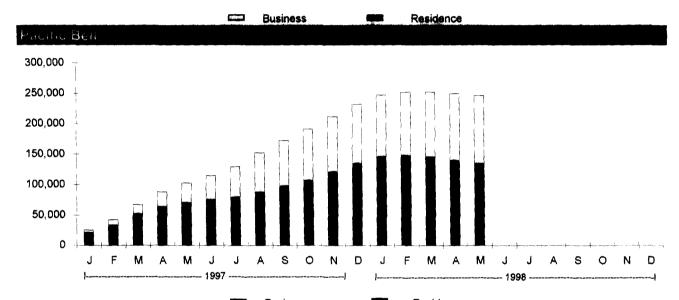
Note 4: Totals do not include disputed Internet minutes of use. However, the fact that over 8.29B minutes of Internet traffic have been exchanged between SBC and CLEC networks in 1997 and 1998 also demonstrates that SBC's networks have been opened to competition. SWBT 1997 and 1998 totals include only Local and Optional EAS traffic. PB 1997 totals also include intraLATA toll.

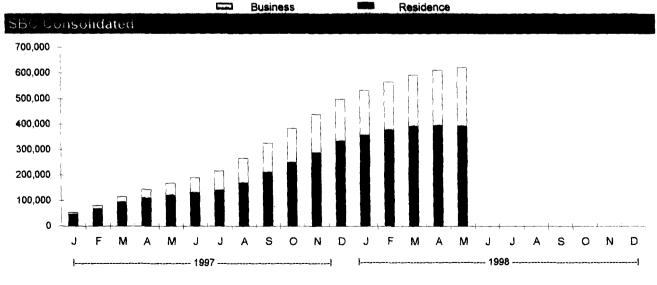
- * CA reflects actual number of cages. By SWBT methodology, operational physical collocation would be 233 (counting CLECs in a given wire center only once).
- ** CA Order Volumes include resale activity only (not facilities based orders).
- *** KS does have OA/DA trunks, but they appear in MO as they serve both MO and KS.
- **** NV number fell by approx. 3000 due to billing database error. Being resolved.
- ***** Represents only that traffic for which originating records have been exchanged.

							SWBT's			
CLECs with Certifications (a/o 6/12/98)		AR	KS	MO	ОК	TX_	5 States	CA	NV	SBC TOTAL
· Nu	umber Approved	21	52	40	38	164	315	117	6	0 492
. Nu	umber Pending	23	3	15	15	9	65	29		2 96
CLEC interconnection Agreements (a/o 6/19/9)	8)									
- Nu	umber Signed (Resale, FB, & Combo)	38	43	48	42	146	317	35	1-	366
· Nu	imber Approved (Resale, FB, & Combo)	29	27	28	18	118	220	28	1:	2 260
· Nu	ımber of Arbitrations Completed	1	3	3	1	11	19	4		23
	amber of Arbitrations In Progress	1	0	0	o	1	2	0		1 3
· Nu	umber Under Negotiation (Resale, FB, & Combo)	65	64	77	71	141	418	59	3	515

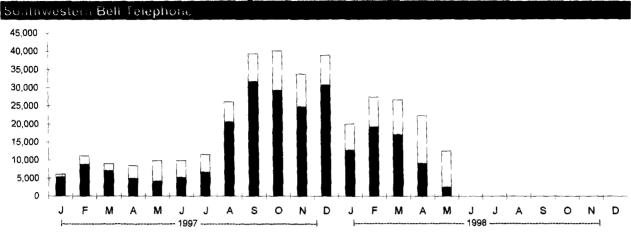
SBC Resold Lines - Cumulative Resale Lines Lost to CLECs

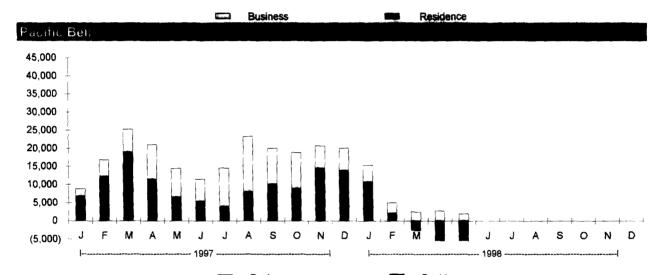


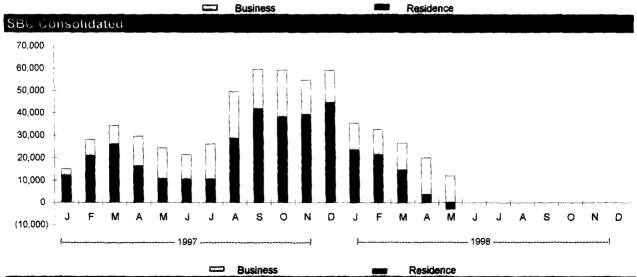




SBC Resold Lines - Monthly Resale Lines Lost to CLECs







SBC Resold Lines - Cumulative Resale Lines Lost to CLECs

	<u>Jan</u>	<u>Feb</u>	Mar	<u>Apr</u>	<u>May</u>	<u>Jun</u>	<u>Jul</u>	<u>Aug</u>	<u>Sep</u>	<u>Oct</u>	<u>Nov</u>	Dec
1998												
Business	76,177	84,587	94,367	107,852	117,972	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A
Residence	210,457	229,564	246,513	255,456	257,876	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A
Total 1 997	286,634	314,151	340,880	363,308	375,848	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A
Business	2,808	5,342	7,445	11,147	16,950	21,831	26,880	32,539	40,279	51,191	60,425	68,70
Residence	25,366	34,034	40,937	45,783	49,850	54,884	61,404	81,863	113,492	142,650	167,231	197.8
Total	28,174	39,376	48,382	56,930	66,800	76,715	88,284	114,402	153,771	193,841	227,656	266,5
1996												
Business	_	-	_	-	15	65	167	187	212	728	1,328	1,9
Residence	3	74	255	479	1,166	2,250	4,017	6,419	8,161	11,549	15,978	20,09
Total	3	74	255	479	1,181	2,315	4,184	6,606	8,373	12,277	17,306	22,0
Pacific Bel	!											
1998												
Business	102,092	104,989	107,500	110,354	112,299	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A
Residence	145,254	147,420	144,848	139,535	134,203	#N/A	#N/A	_#N/A	#N/A	#N/A_	_#N/A	#N/A
Total	247,346	252,409	252,348	249,889	246,502	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A
1997												
Business	4,510	9,110	15,355	25,013	33,001	39,134	49,796	65,154	75,075	85,114	91,351	97,5
Residence	20,715	32,912	51 904	63,300	69,793	75,178	79,056	87,014	97,151	106,014	120,558	134,43
Total	25,225	42,022	67,259	88,313	102,794	114,312	128,852	152,168	172,226	191,128	211,909	231,96
1996												
Business	-	_	-	83	69	113	188	276	377	577	1,146	2,43
Residence	_	-	-	2	2	27	55	99	833	1,994	7,222	14,01
Total	-	-	-	85	71	140	243	375	1,210	2,571	8,368	16,44
SBC Consc	lidated											
1998	_											
lusiness	178,269	189,576	201,867	218,206	230,271	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A
lesidence	355,711	376,984	391,361	394,991	392,079	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A
Total	533,980	566,560	593,228	613,197	622,350	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A
1997	_											
usiness	7,318	14,452	22,800	36,160	49,951	60,965	76,676	97,693	115,354	136,305	151,776	166,23
esidence	46,081	66,946	92,841	109,083	119,643	130,062	140,460	168,877	210,643	248,664	287,789	332,31
Total	53,399	81,398	115,641	145,243	169,594	191,027	217,136	266,570	325,997	384,969	439,565	498,54
1996	_											
usiness	•	-	-	83	84	178	355	463	589	1,305	2,474	4,36
esidence	3	74	255_	481	1,168	2,277	4,072	6,518	8,994	13,543	23,200	34,10
Total	3	74	255	564	1,252	2,455	4,427	6,981	9,583	14,848	25,674	38.47

SBC Resold Lines - Monthly Resale Lines Lost to CLECs

	<u>Jan</u>	<u>Feb</u>	<u>Mar</u>	Apr	<u>May</u>	<u>Jun</u>	<u>Jul</u>	Aug	<u>Sep</u>	<u>Oct</u>	Nov	<u>Dec</u>
1998												
Business	7,474	8,410	9,780	13,485	10,120	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A
Residence	12,582	19, 107	16,949	8,943	2,420	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A
Total	20,056	27,517	26,729	22,428	12,540	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A
1997												
Business	878	2,534	2.103	3,702	5,803	4,881	5.049	5,659	7,740	10,912	9,234	8.27
Residence	5,270	8,668	6,903	4,846	4,067	5,034	6,520	20,459	31,629	29,158	24,581	30,64
Total	6,148	11,202	9,006	8,548	9,870	9,915	11,569	26,118	39.369	40,070	33,815	38,9
1996	•	<i>,</i>	,									•
Business	-		_		15	50	102	20	25	516	600	60
Residence	3	71	181	224	687	1,084	1,767	2,402	1,742	3,388	4,429	4,1
Total	<u>3</u>	71	181	224	702	1,134	1.869	2,422	1.767	3,904	5,029	4,7
Pacific Bell	-											.,
1998												
Business	4,560	2,897	2,511	2,854	1,945	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A
lesidence	10,818	2,166	(2,572)	(5,313)	(5,332)	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A
Total	15,378	5,063	(61)	(2,459)	(3,387)	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A
1997	70,070	0,000	(31)	(2,100)	(0,001)	1111111	77.07.1	171 477 (771 477	71 47 1	H14//	127 427 1
Business	2.075	4,600	6,245	9,658	7.988	6,133	10,662	15,358	9,921	10.039	6,237	6,18
lesidence	6,703	12,197	18,992	11,396	6,493	5,385	3,878	7,958	10,137	8,863	14,544	13,87
Total	8,778	16,797	25,237	21,054	14,481	11,518	14,540	23,316	20,058	18,902	20,781	20,05
	0,116	10,797	25,231	21,034	14,401	11,316	14,540	23,310	20,036	10,902	20,761	20,00
1996	-											
Business	-	-	-	83	(14)	44	75	88	101	200	569	1,28
lesidence				2		25	28	44	734	1,161	5,228	6,79
Total	-	-	~	85	(14)	69	103	132	835	1,361	5,797	8,07
BC Conso	lidated											
1998		44.007	10.004	10.000	10.00=	#		*****	****		*****	
usiness	12,034	11,307	12,291	16,339	12,065	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A
esidence	23,400	21,273	14,377	3,630	(2,912)	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A
Total	35,434	32,580	26,668	19,969	9,153	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A	#N/A
1997							_			_		
usiness	2,953	7,134	8,348	13,360	13,791	11,014	15,711	21,017	17,661	20,951	15,471	14,45
esidence	11,973	20,865	25,895	16,242	10,560	10,419	10,398	28,417	41,766	38,021	39,125	44,52
Total	14,926	27,999	34,243	29,602	24,351	21,433	26,109	49,434	59,427	58,972	54,596	58,98
1996												
usiness	-	-	-	83	1	94	177	108	126	716	1,169	1,89
esid e nce	_3	71	181	226	687	1,109	1,795	2,446	2,476	4,549	9,657	10,90
Total	3	71	181	309	688	1,203	1,972	2,554	2,602	5,265	10,826	12,79